

Ossiflex™ Bone Membrane

The membrane you have been looking for!

Ossiflex Bone Membranes from VTS are thin, flexible sheets made of natural, demineralized cortical bone. Ideal for Guided Tissue Regeneration, oronasal fistulas and more, they are the membranes you have been looking for:

- ✓ Avoids premature soft tissue in-growth into areas of bone healing
- ✓ No removal necessary
- ✓ Can be sutured through to keep them in place
- ✓ Can be cut and curved to fit
- ✓ Proven technology¹⁻¹³

Use Ossiflex Bone Membranes for:

• Guided Tissue Regeneration

Placing a membrane between bone graft and soft tissue avoids premature soft tissue in-growth.¹⁻⁶

• Oronasal Fistulas

While thin and flexible, Ossiflex Bone Membranes are strong enough to keep food particles from traveling through oronasal defects.

• Cleft Palates and Cranio-Facial Defects

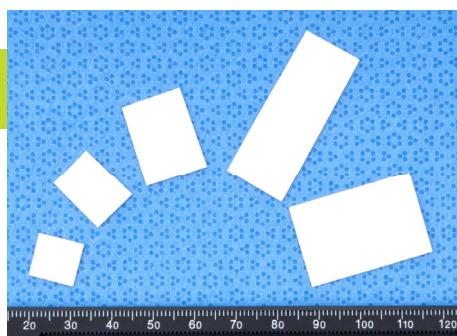
Ossiflex Bone Membranes are also ideal for treating cranio-maxillo-facial defects. For example, they can be used to support mucoperiosteal advancement flaps for closure of palatal defects.

• Fracture Bridging and Mandibular Canal Protection

Ossiflex Bone Membranes can also be wrapped around mandibular fractures to support healing and be placed over open mandibular canals to keep growing tissue from impinging the nerve.



Ossiflex Membranes shown freeze-dried (left) and rehydrated and bent.



Ossiflex comes in canine and equine versions. There are multiple sizes. See pricelist for details.

Compare for yourself:

	Doxirobe Gel	Gore-Tex	Ossiflex Bone Membrane
Easy To Use		✓	✓
No Removal Necessary	✓		✓
Made of Natural Bone			✓

>>> See back side for references >>>



VETERINARY TRANSPLANT SERVICES, INC.

215 East Titus Street
Kent, WA 98032 USA
www.vtsonline.com

P: 253.520.0771
800.558.5223
F: 253.856.1830

Selected References for Use of Ossiflex Bone Membrane in Dental Applications

Guided Tissue Regeneration

Guided Tissue Regeneration (GTR) is a procedure designed to promote the in-growth of bone- and periodontic ligament-forming cells while preventing the invasion of faster growing cells such as gingival and connective tissue cells. This is best achieved by placing a resorbable membrane to create a protected space for bone and periodontic ligament regeneration.¹⁻⁶

***"Guided bone regeneration has proven to be predictable therapy with a wide variety of clinical applications."*⁷**

***"Homologous bone membranes proved capable to seal the extraction socket, securing the position of the blood-clot within the socket, a prerequisite for transformation into bone."*²**

***"Laminar bone does not require a secondary surgical procedure for removal."*³**

1. Fugazzotto PA. The use of demineralized laminar bone sheets in guided bone regeneration procedures: report of three cases. *Int J Oral Maxillofac Implants.* 11: 239-244, 1995.
2. Rosenquist B, Ahmed M. The immediate replacement of teeth by dental implants using homologous bone membranes to seal the sockets: clinical and radiographic findings. *Clin Oral Impl Res.* 11: 572-582, 2000.
3. Scott TA, Towle HJ, Assad DA, Nicoll BK. Comparison of bioabsorbable laminar bone membrane and non-resorbable ePTFE membrane in mandibular furcations. *J Periodontal.* 68: 679-686, 1997.
4. Rankow, Henry J, Krasner, Paul R. Endodontic applications of guided tissue regeneration in endodontic surgery. *Oral Health.* 86(12): 33, 1996.
5. Mundell RD, Mooney MP, Siegel MI, Losken A. Osseous guided tissue regeneration using a collagen barrier membrane. *J Oral Maxillofac Surg.* 51: 1004-1012, 1993.
6. Majzoub Z, Cordioli G, Aramouni PK, Vigolo P, Piattelli A. Guided bone regeneration using demineralized laminar bone sheets versus GTAM membranes in the treatment of implant-associated defects. A clinical and histological study. *Clin Oral Implants Res.* 10:406-414, 1999.

Oronasal Fistulas

***"Cartilage provides a reliable framework for repair of oronasal fistulae in cats."*⁷**

7. Cox CL, Hunt GB, Cadier MM. Repair of oronasal fistulae using auricular cartilage grafts in five cats. *Veterinary Surgery* 36: 164-169, 2007.
8. Soukup JW, Synder CJ, Gengler WR. Free auricular cartilage autograft for repair of an oronasal fistula in a dog. *J Vet Dent.* 26(2): 86-95, 2009.

Cleft Palates and Cranio-Facial Defects

***"The use of barrier membranes for bone regeneration is especially beneficial in the cases of severely affected soft tissue."*⁹**

***"We have found that use of a collagen membrane is a useful adjunct."*¹⁰**

9. Duskova M, Leamerova E, Sosna B, Gojis O. Guided tissue regeneration, barrier membranes and reconstruction of the cleft maxillary alveolus. *J Craniofac Surg.* 17(6):1153-1160. 2006.
10. Scott JK, Webb RM, Flood TR. Premaxillary osteotomy and guided tissue regeneration in secondary bone grafting in children with bilateral cleft lip and palate. *The Cleft Palate – Craniofacial Journal.* 44, 5. 2007.
11. Le BT, Woo I. Alveolar cleft repair in adults using guided bone regeneration with mineralized allograft for dental implant site development: a report of 2 cases. *J Oral Maxillofac Surg.* 67: 1716-1722, 2009.
12. Retzepi M, Donos N. Guided bone regeneration: biological principle and therapeutic applications. *Clin Oral Impl Res.* 21: 567-576, 2009.

Mandibular Canal Protection

***"After implant placement, the patient experienced normal function and no mandibular symptomatology."*¹³**

13. Reiser GM, Manwaring JD, Damoulis PD. Clinical significance of the structural integrity of the superior aspect of the mandibular canal. *J Periodontal.* 75(2): 322-326, 2004.